

The Quincy Union.

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with Judge VanOlief, of Downieville, by which the Judge has consented to be associated
with him as assistant in the conduct and trial of all
cases which the undersigned may have in the
Courts of the Second and Tenth Judicial Districts
of this State. 4-30

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reasonable terms.

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Land or Mining Surveying, or Draining,
will address J. D. Compton, Round Valley, or
Arthur W. Keddie, Crescent Mills.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to Mapping
Mines. v4-n5-1f

Quincy Union.

"Independent in all Things—Neutral in Nothing."

VOL. 5. QUINCY, PLUMAS CO., CAL., SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1867. NO. 19.

Hotels, &c.

PLUMAS HOUSE,
QUINCY,
Plumas Co., California.

JAS. E. EDWARDS, Prop'r.

EXTENSIVE ADDITIONS AND IMPROVE-
ments having been made to this House, the
proprietor begs leave to call the attention of the
travelling public to the superior accommodations it
offers to them. v3-n5-1f

TAYLOR HOUSE,
TAYLORVILLE, CAL.

J. T. Taylor, Proprietor.

The public is respectfully informed that the pro-
prietor of this long established and well known
Hotel is constantly prepared to accommodate all who
may favor him with their patronage. v5-n5-1f

VERNON HOUSE,
Taylorville,
INDIAN VALLEY.

J. HARDGRAVE, Proprietor.

THIS HOUSE HAS BEEN NEWLY REFITTED
and is one of the

Best Arranged Hotels
In the mountains. No pains will be spared to ac-
commodate those who patronize me.

THE BAR is supplied with the best quality of
Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

BUCKEYE HOUSE,
ON THE
OROVILLE & QUINCY ROAD,
[Near Walker's Plains, Plumas Co., Cal.]

JOEL FLINN, Prop'r.

THE Proprietor of this well known and favorite
Hotel hereby informs the public that he has
increased his facilities for the accommodation of
permanent and transient guests. The best of board
and lodging furnished at reasonable rates. The
Orville and Quincy Stages stop over night at the
Buckeye House. 37-1f

UNION HOTEL,
MAIN STREET, LA PORTE.

BRANDT & CONLON,
Proprietors.

THIS HOUSE is centrally located and will be kept as
a first class hotel.

The Table will be furnished with the best market af-
forded, and no pains spared by the proprietors to provide for
the comfort of guests.

TERMS to suit the times.

E. A. BRANDT,
JOHN CONLON,
Proprietors.

La Porte, March 20th, 1866.

WESTERN HOUSE,
Corner of Second and D Streets,
MARYSVILLE, CALIFORNIA.

EXTENSIVE ADDITIONS AND IMPROVE-
ments having been made to this house, the
proprietors beg leave to call the attention of the
travelling public to the superior accommodations it
offers to them.

The Hotel Carriage and Omnibus will always be
found at the Railroad Depot and Steamer Landing
to convey passengers to the Hotel free of charge.
R. M. LOWERY & CO., Prop'r's.

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SECOND AND K STREETS, SACRAMENTO.

L. OULVER, Proprietor.

Guests furnished with rooms by the day, week or
month. A few choice rooms for Families, with
private dining room attached. Bar and Billiard
Saloons of the first order. v4-n5-1f

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OROVILLE,

B. F. JONES, Jr., Prop'r.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY NOTIFY HIS
friends in Northern California that he has
leased the above named Hotel, with the intention
of keeping it.

FIRST CLASS HOUSE,
And will be pleased to see all old friends and the
Public generally. B. F. JONES, Jr.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE,
Corner of Sansome and Halleck streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.

TIMOTHY SARGENT, Proprietor.

Fireproof—200 rooms, all hard-finished, well ven-
tilated and nicely furnished. Prices from \$1.50 to
\$2.00 per day. v4-n5-1f

RUSS HOUSE,
Montgomery Street,
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

H. H. PEARSON & CO., Proprietors.

The Proprietors, by strict attention to the com-
fort of their guests, hope to give satisfaction to all
who may favor them with their patronage.
San Francisco. v4-n5-1f

The Quincy Union.

QUINCY, PLUMAS CO., CAL.

SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1867.

Some Things Love Us.

All within and all without me
Feel a melancholy thrill;
And the darkness hangs about me,
Oh, how still!

To my feet the river glideth,
Through the shadowy, sullen dark;
On the stream the white moon rideth,
Like a bark.

And the linden leans above me,
Till I think some things there be
In this dreary world that love me,
Even me!

Gentle flowers are springing near me,
Shedding sweetest breath around,
Countless voices rise to cheer me,
From the ground;

And the lone bird comes,—I hear it,
In the tall and windy pine,
Pour the sadness of its spirit
Into mine;

There it swings and wings above me,
Till I think some things there be,
In this dreary world that love me,
Even me!

Now the moon has floated to me,
On the stream I saw its way,
Swinging boatlike, as 'twould woo me
Far away;

And the stars bend from the azure;
I could reach you where I lie,
And then whisper of the pleasure
In the sky;

There they hang and smile above me,
Till some things there be,
In the very heavens that love me,
Even me!

Now when comes the tide of even,
Like a solemn river, slow,
Gentle eyes, akin to heaven,
On me glow;

Loving eyes that tell their story,
Speaking to my heart of hearts,
But I sigh, "a thing of glory
Soon departs!"

Yet when Mary fades above me,
I must think that there will be
One more thing in Heaven to love me,
Even me!

FRANKLIN AS A BOOKSELLER.—One fine
summer morning, when Franklin was busy
preparing his newspaper for the press, a
lounger stepped into the store and spent an
hour or more in looking over the books, etc.,
and finally taking one in his hand, asked
the shop-boy its price.

"One dollar," was the answer.

"One dollar!" said the lounger; "can't
you take less than that?"

Another hour nearly passed, when the
lounger said:

"Is Mr. Franklin at home?"

"Yes; he is in the printing office."

"I want to see him," said the lounger.

The shop-boy then immediately informed
Mr. Franklin that a gentleman wished to
see him. Franklin was soon behind the
counter, when the lounger, with book in
hand, addressed him thus:

"Mr. Franklin, what is the lowest you can
take for this book?"

"One dollar and a quarter," was the quick
answer.

"One dollar and a quarter! Why, your
young man asked me only a dollar."

"True," said Franklin, "and I could have
better afforded to take a dollar than, than
to have been taken out of the office."

The lounger seemed surprised, and, wish-
ing to end the parody of his own making,
said:

"Come, Mr. Franklin, what is the lowest
you can take for it?"

"One dollar and a half."

"A dollar and a half! Why, you offered
it yourself for a dollar and a quarter."

"Yes," answered Franklin, "and I had
better have taken that price than a dollar
and a half now."

The lounger paid down the money, and
went about his business—if he had any—and
Franklin returned into the printing office.

DRINKING.—When fat meats, or sauces
composed partly of butter, are taken, and
cold drink directly after, the butter and fat
are rendered concrete, and separated from
the rest of the aliment. This congealed oily
matter, being then specifically lighter than
the remaining contents of the stomach, swims
on the top of the food, often causing heavy,
uneasy, painful sensations about the cardia
and breast, and sometimes a feeling of scald-
ing and anxiety; at other times, when the
stomach regains its heat, the fatty matter is
rejected, by little and little, from weak
stomachs, in oily regurgitations, which are
very disagreeable. In such cases a little
compound spirits of hartshorn, with a glass
of warm water and sugar, will convert the
fat into soap, and give instant relief.—[Sir
James Murray's Medical Essays.]

A SNEED MAN.—Ex-President Pierce
was once earnestly besought by a neighbor
to endorse a bill for him. He refused, civilly,
being a very prudent man. The neigh-
bor pressed it, saying it was a small thing
to do, and would be of much service to him.
Again the ex-President declined. The neigh-
bor became urgent. Then said Mr.
Pierce: "John, look here. If I put my
name to this bill, you will not pay it; I
shall be made to do so, and then we shall
quarrel. If you please we'll quarrel now,
while the money is in my pocket."

A SPLENDID DESCRIPTION.

On a certain occasion one Paul Denton, a Methodist
preacher in Texas, advertised a barbecue,
with better liquor than is usually furnished.
When the people assembled, a desperado in
the crowd cried out, "Mr. Paul Denton, your
reverence has lied. You promised not only
a good barbecue, but better liquor. Where's
the liquor?"

"There!" answered the missionary, in
tones of thunder, and pointing his long bony
finger at the matchless double spring gush-
ing up in two strong columns with a sound
like a shout of joy from the bosom of the
earth. "There!" he repeated with a look
terrible as lightning, while his enemy actu-
ally trembled at his feet; "there is the liquor
which God, the Eternal, brews for his chil-
dren!"

"Not in the simmering still, over smoky
fires, cooked with poisonous gases and sur-
rounded with the stench of sickening odors
and corruption doth your Father in Heaven
prepare the essence of life, the pure cold wa-
ter. But in the glade and grassy dell, where
the red deer wanders and the child loves to
play, there God brews it, and down, low
down in the deepest valleys, where the foun-
tain murmurs and the rills sing, and high up
in the mountain tops, where the naked gran-
ite glitters like gold in the sun, where clouds
brood and the thunder-storms crash; and
far out on the wide, wide sea where the
hurricane howls music, and the big wave
rolls the chorus, sweeping the march of God
—there he brews it, beverage of life, health-
giving water. And everywhere it is a thing
of beauty, gleaming in the dew drop, sing-
ing in the summer rain, shining in the ice
gem; till they seem turned to living jewels
spreading a golden veil over the setting sun,
or a white gauze around the midnight moon,
sporting in the cataract, sleeping in the gla-
cier; dancing in the hail shower; folding
its bright snow curtain softly around the
wintry world; and weaving the many col-
ored iris, that seraph's zone of the sky, whose
warp is the raindrops of earth, and woof the
sunbeam of heaven," all checked over with
the celestial flowers by the mystic hand of
refraction. Still always it is beautiful—that
blessed life-water; its foam brings not mad-
ness and murder; no blood stains its liquid
gloss; pale widows and starving orphans
weep not burning tears in its depths!—
Speak out, my friends; would you exchange
it for the demon's drink, alcohol?"

A shout like the roar of a tempest an-
swered "No!"

QUESTIONS FOR THE RADICALS.—Is that a
free government which while claiming po-
litical rights for four millions of an inferior
race, denies them to eight millions of white
men?

If the Union is to be pinned together by
bayonets, what will be the yearly cost of the
military establishment?

If the negroes are entitled to suffrage why
is it not extended to white women?

Does any Government deserve to exist
that denies equal rights to eight millions of
its people?

If the stealing of silver spoons, gold watch-
es, ladies' brooches, &c., has done so much
to raise Ben. Butler in the estimation of the
Yankees, what respect can they have for
George Washington, who was so old foggyish
about the rights of property?

If we are traveling rapidly towards the
millennium, and have already run up the ex-
penses of the Government from ninety to
four hundred millions of dollars in our at-
tempt to expedite our journey, how much
taxes will we have to pay in that happy pe-
riod?

If the "Hub of the Universe" should in-
vite the King of Dahomey to visit her peo-
ple, should she not request that distinguished
cannibal to inform her in what particular
style he would prefer to have his food cooked
and whether he preferred Caucasian or Afri-
can?

Why has not a representative been sent
from this country to his aforesaid sable maj-
esty?

If John Brown was a hero, why does the
law continue to punish horse thieves and
murderers?—[Metropolitanist.]

THE DEVIL'S HARVEST.—Carefully com-
piled statistics show that 60,000 lives are an-
nually destroyed by intemperance in the
United States. 100,000 men and women
are yearly sent to prison in consequence of
strong drink. 20,000 children are yearly
sent to the poor house for the same reason.
300 murders are another of the yearly fruits
of intemperance. 400 suicides follow in this
fearful catalogue of miseries. 300,000 or-
phans are bequeathed every year to public
and private charity. \$300,000,000 are year-
ly expended to produce this shocking amount
of crime and misery, and as much more is
lost from time wasted from the same cause.

PROPER ENOUGH.—The Burlington (Iowa)
Argus says that at a ratification meeting
held by the radicals at Lasalle soon after the
late elections, a bonfire was built on the
public square, and the Constitution of the
United States placed on the top of it; when
the whole mass was reduced to ashes amid
the jubillations of the traitor throng. This
sort of thing is in perfect keeping with the
sentiments of the great majority of radicals
through the country. We rather like the
candor of the Lasalle radicals. Why not con-
sign a thing to the flames they so cordially
detest.

RECONSTRUCTING THE SOUTH.

The Radical plan of reconstructing the South by re-
ducing their States to territories and send-
ing a hundred thousand men there to enforce
obedience to the decrees of the Rump Con-
gress, does not meet the approbation of the
entire Abolition press. One of that class of
journalists says: "What would a hundred
thousand soldiers amount to for maintaining
hostile governments in ten States, over
twelve millions of men? Half a million
would be a small allowance. And if we are
going to that expense let us have a military
government, and blot out State institutions
altogether." It is the evident design of the
Radicals to blot out State institutions for-
ever. The carrying out of this programme
is with them only a question of time. They
designate State rights as an accused doc-
trine—they have invaded the rights of every
State in the Union, without a murmur from
the people; they have torn down the bar-
riers which protected the people from the
aggressions of unprincipled rulers, and now
that they are defenceless and completely
within their power, they throw off all dis-
guise and proclaim their determination to
govern by might alone. The cause of the
South is at this time the cause of every law-
ful republican government. The people of
the Southern States are oppressed to-day—
the people of California or of any other
State may be the victims to-morrow. There
is no stopping point to usurpation when it
is once permitted to have a foothold. The
doctrine of 'necessity'—the tyrant's plea—
which during the war proclaimed emanci-
pation to the negro slaves of the South;
which suspended the writ of habeas corpus
in States not in rebellion; which established
military commissions for the trial of civil
offenses, and which gave into the hands of
the President despotic powers, will furnish
a pretext at any time for the overthrow of
State Governments everywhere. Whenever
a State is found not in accord with the po-
litical sentiments of our radical rulers, 'ne-
cessity' will demand that it be made so
by 'reconstructing' it after the manner it is now
proposed in the South. This necessity doc-
trine is still the war-cry of the radicals.—
They proclaim it as an excuse for conferring
suffrage on the negro; it is their excuse for
overturning the Supreme Court; it is their
argument for deposing the President; it is
their defence for all repeated infractions of
the Constitution with which they are charged
—that instrument must give way to the
'necessities' they deem to exist. It is with
them a 'necessity' that they should rule the
country, and 'necessity' may yet compel
them to surround the capitol to protect them
from the rage of an indignant people.—
Stranger things have been recorded in history,
and history is but repeating itself.—S.
U. Democrat.

A SIAMESE COLOSSUS.—The Bangkok Re-
corder describes a visit to one of the wats,
or Buddhist cloisters, of the city, the Wat
Po, which is the largest. It covers ten acres
of land, paved with gray granite, and pre-
sents the difficulties of a labyrinth. It con-
tains two temples of imposing architecture.
In one is an image twice the size of life, and
covered with gold; in the other, teak doors,
beautifully inlaid with mother of pearl. The
latter contains an image which far exceeds
the Colossus of Rhodes in size. He is re-
clining on the right side, with his head rest-
ing on the right hand. He is 135 feet long,
about 28 feet round the belt, and the length
of the little toe on the right foot is 3 feet
and 4 inches. The natives say his bowels
are full of large water-jars. The labor of
constructing and gilding this image must
have been immense, and have taken years to
accomplish.

COW-ARDICE.—A Brownsville paper tells
an amusing story of a charge made by a
cow upon the fortifications of Matamoros.—
Some ways of Cortinas' command caught a
cow, and, dressing her up in a fantastic
manner in raw hides, old stove pipe,
old tin pans and sheet iron, started her off
at the top of her speed towards the city.—
With a noise like thunder she rushed madly
to the very ditch of the works, when Sata-
do's braves, thinking by the clatter that a
brigade of cavalry were charging the fort,
fired a few shots, and, deserting their guns,
fled ingloriously to the town plaza. It was
several hours before they could be led back
to the fort.

APTITUDES IN MEX.—It is very certain
that no man is fit for everything; but it is
almost as certain, too, that there is scarcely
any one man who is not fit for something—
which something nature points out to him
by giving him a tendency and propensity to
it. Every man finds in himself, either from
nature or education (for they are hard to
distinguish), a peculiar character; and his
struggling against it is the fruitless and en-
dless labor of Sisyphus. Let him follow and
cultivate that vocation, he will succeed in
it, and be considerable in one way, at least;
whereas, if he departs from it, he will, at
least, be inconsiderable, probably ludicrous.
—[Lord Chesterfield.]

TO KEEP WARM.—Two or three thick-
nesses of unbroken newspapers upon the bed
are equal to a thick blanket in keeping a
person warm.

WHEN a man's cup of misery is full, he
ought to be thankful it will not hold any
more.

The Quincy Union.

All Letters relating to the business affairs of
the paper should be addressed to the Publisher.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

No paper will be forwarded from this office unless
the subscription is paid in advance. All payers
discontinue when the subscription expires. The
rule will be strictly enforced.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Our friends everywhere, who may at any time
have knowledge of facts of local importance—in-
cidents, accidents, mining news, danger of public
meetings, improvements, curiosities, etc.—would
confer a favor upon us and our readers generally
by sending notice of the same to this office. Give
us facts in any shape, and we will take care of them.

CAMP STORIES.—In "The Land We Love,"
a North Carolina Magazine, edited by Gen.
D. H. Hill, of the late Confederate army, are
to be found many amusing camp anecdotes,
published under the head of the "Haver-
sack." The following are specimens:

Hugh Mc—, a son of the Emerald Isle,
who had volunteered from Fairfield district,
S. C., in the 6th regiment of infantry, was
stationed on the beach of Sullivan's Island,
with strict orders to walk between two points
and to let no one pass him without the
countersign, and that to be communicated
only in a whisper. Two hours afterward,
the corporal with the relief discovered, by
the moonlight, Hugh up to his waist in wa-
ter, the tide having set in since he had been
posted.

"Who goes there?"

"Relief."

"Halt, relief; advance, corporal, and give
the countersign."

Corporal. "I am not going in there to be
drowned; come out here, and let me relieve
you."

Hugh. "Divil a bit of it; the Lieutenant
told me not to leave me post."

Corporal. "Well, then, I'll leave you in
the water all night." (Going away as he
spoke.)

Hugh. "Halt! I'll put a hole in ye, if
ye pass without the countersign. Them's
me orders from the Lieutenant." (Cocking
and leveling his gun.)

Corporal. "Confound you! everybody
will hear it, if I bawl out to you."

Hugh. "Yes, me darlin, and the Lieuten-
ant said it must be given in a whisper.
In with ye; me finger's on the trigger, and
me gun may go off."

The corporal had to yield to the force of
the argument, and waded in to the faithful
sentinel, who remarked that

"The bloody tide has a most drowned
me!"

A Federal officer said to a Southern lady,
"those grey devils (Confederates) will be
coming in as soon as we leave; but I hope
you will not keep their company." She re-
plied: "My mother had a very cheerful
disposition, and she taught me to shun
nothing so much as blue devils."

A Texas soldier, trudging along one day
all alone, met a Methodist circuit rider and
at once recognized him as such, but affected
ignorance of it.

Preacher. "What command do you be-
long to?"

Soldier. "I belong to the—th Texas
regiment, Vandorn's army. What army do
you belong to?"

Preacher. (Very solemnly.) "I belong to
the army of the Lord!"

Soldier. "My friend, you've got a very
long

The Quincy Union.

LOCAL ITEMS.

FELL IN.—The roof of one of the saloons at Jamison caved in one day last week. Cause, too much snow on it.

BROKE DOWN.—The bridge across Indian Creek between Taylorville and the North Arm of Indian Valley, broke down one day last week. The snow was too heavy for the timbers.

HOMEROUND BOUND.—Among the list of names of the passengers who left San Francisco in one of the last steamers for New York, we notice the name of Mr. W. H. Stearns, formerly of this place.

RETURNED.—Mr. C. Preston of this Valley, and Mr. Moore of Indian Valley, who have been on a visit to their old homes in the Atlantic States during the past six months, returned to this Co. last week.

NO WORK.—But one or two claims at Sawpit are being worked at the present time. The dump sheds drifted full of snow, and instead of mining the "boys" in that locality are running snow shovels for purses of from \$1 up to \$75. On Washington Hill, two of the claims are being worked.

ARRIVED.—The largest mail of the season arrived at the P. O. on Monday last. Some of our exchanges were rather aged, having been on the road over two weeks. If we don't have any more big storms, we presume the mail will arrive regularly hereafter. We hope so.

A LARGE ONE.—One day last week, Coburn Bros., of this place had an addition made to the number of their live stock, in the shape of a calf, which weighed one hundred and three pounds. It was a whopper. Sixty pounds is about the average weight of such youngsters.

COMPLIMENTARY BALL.—The Ball at the Plumas House, last evening, extemporized in honor of the return of Major Whitlock, was well attended, and passed off very pleasantly. The gallant Major is looking well, and seems pleased that he has got back to the white settlements.

OLD BEN.—One day last week, Mr. Chas. Harden attempted to go from Nelson Point to Indian Valley, but weakened before he reached Washington Hill, and was compelled to lie out in the snow all night. His feet and hands were badly frozen, but he succeeded in reaching one of the cabins on the hill the next morning, where he was kindly cared for. Traveling in deep snow during a storm, is rather risky business.

GOOD SUGGESTIONS.—We call the attention of our readers to the letter of "P. L.," published elsewhere in this paper. He makes some good suggestions which the citizens of this county would do well to heed. He also tells some wholesome truths, which may appear new to many of our citizens. We have not the space in this issue to make any lengthy comments upon the subjects mentioned in the communication, but shall refer to it again, ere long.

ROAD APPROPRIATION.—The Bidwell Bar Bridge Co. and the Board of Supervisors of Butte county have each given \$1,000 to be expended upon the wagon road between Bidwell's Bar and Buckeye. Men are now at work upon the road, making new grades and otherwise improving it. It will be remembered that the Supervisors of this county donated \$1,300 to be expended on the road between Meadow Valley and Buckeye, but little of which has yet been expended. Mr. R. Thompson, to whom the scrip was issued, will make good use of it when the right time comes.

LETTER FROM NORTH FORK.—Our correspondent, "Amicus," sends us the following interesting letter, from the North Fork:

I presume, Mr. Editor, that you must have thought your correspondent from this part of the county had got lost during one of the late storms, or got buried by an avalanche, or some accident of that sort had happened to him, seeing that he has not made his appearance in your columns for so long a time; but no such misfortune you will have to chronicle, yet, though I have no doubt it would make an interesting item for your local. But did you ever see such a winter, and didn't that last storm put it all? Surely nobody need complain of the lack of water this season. The old snow has got now so settled and frozen, that it will be a long time before it will be melted off, and the last storm put five or six feet more on the top of it on the ridges. On the river it fell pretty high two feet deep, but there snow does not lay long, and has almost disappeared now. For a while, of course, we were cut off from all intercourse with the outside barbarians, and had to depend entirely on the Jax-bone Telegraph for news, and the way it worked was a caution. I tell you, our chief operator, "the aged man," assisted by a talented and competent staff, kept it in good running order. He is a trump, you bet. No breaks happen in his line.

So far as mining operations are concerned, the last storms interrupted them somewhat for a short time, but most all the companies are at work again. Fruth & Deschamps are ground-slucing about two miles above here, on a flat. Below them Knoll & More, of the old French Co., are prospecting on Whitmore's Flat. Tripp, Cable & Co. are doing well, having struck the channel in their new tunnel, below Jax-bone, no connection with the telegraph of that same. Waggoner, Loring & Co. are driving ahead successfully, I believe. Cook & Lind have just finished cleaning up some bed-rock in their tunnel, and averaged about an ounce per day to the hand, from the time they started work last fall, having got as much as three hundred dollars in one pan. Besnham, Waggoner & Co. have struck the gravel on Wild Cat. They have not washed, any yet, but the gravel looks favorably. Drake and Joe Hickman are ready to begin work in their claims. Both prospect well. Tom Orion is doing as well as usual, and consequently, is as jolly as ever. On Moequito Creek, several companies have been at work during the winter, averaging from four to six dollars per day to the hand. Morris has just started to work the race, through which he had turned the river last summer. Jack-on & Roberts are ground-slucing on Deadwood, tho' with what success I have not learned. Going over the ridge towards 12 Mile Bar on the East branch, we find near the head of Rich Gulch, Gambin's claim. His water is scarce yet, though he will have plenty by-and-by. Below him, Capt. Courser and Dan Finlayson have stripped more ground already than they did during all of last season, and they expect to make a big clean up. The fact is, this will be one of the best mining seasons we have had for years, and no doubt Plumas will preserve its reputation as one of the richest mining counties in the State. So note it be.

The Survey of Feather River.

As if in very mockery of the elements during one of the severest of California winters, Plumas county started out a surveying party to survey the Feather river, with a view to ascertain its adaptability for a wagon road, from Oroville, through Plumas county, to Beckwourth's Pass, through the eastern range of the Nevada mountains. The survey is being made under the direction of the wagon road company, organized under the act of the last session of the Legislature, to aid in the construction of this road. The present period of mid-winter was chosen in which to make the survey, in order that the mooted question of a road along the river, and below the snow line, might be fully tested at rest, by an actual survey during the winter season. Mr. Keddie and his party (among whom we recognized our "Auld Lang syne" friend Ferguson), were on the North Fork of Feather river route for over two weeks, and arrived in Oroville on Saturday last. They were midway on the river, between Indian Valley and Oroville, during the heavy storm of last week, when the snow fell low down on the foothills, and on the mountains surrounding them, but no snow reached the line of their survey along the river. The rain, however fell in torrents and on the mountains above them, snow fell to the depth of five feet. During the storm they were encamped a short distance above Big Bar, thirty-five miles below Indian Valley, and thirty above Oroville. The first snow they encountered was at Yankee Hill, after they had left the river to avoid an extensive bend to the eastward. Yankee Hill can, however, be approached every day in the year, as the snow never falls there to a greater depth than eight or ten inches, and disappears immediately. It is a point so well known to every resident of Butte county, and so easily accessible at all seasons of the year, that it is unnecessary to say a word concerning the obstruction of snow interposed by Yankee Hill, and the route from thence to the North Fork. At Rich Bar, snow falls to the depth of eight or ten inches, but remains only for a day or two. Of course the surveying party were unable to state whether any snow fell during the late storm, on the upper half of the line of their route; but they know that there was none on the whole line of their route when they passed over it until they left the river for Yankee Hill. They report the route easy and practicable for a wagon road, with light work of construction. Mr. Keddie pronounces it entirely practicable for a railroad.

The North Fork for the Oroville and Beckwourth Pass wagon road, will be through Quincy. From that point down Spanish creek to the East Branch of the North Fork, a survey had previously been made for a road to Taylorville, in Indian Valley. The starting point of the present survey was at the point where this road crosses the East Branch, at Soda Bar, five miles from Indian Valley. The points and distances on this route, as determined by the application of the links and the chain, are as follows:

From Quincy to Soda Bar, (East Branch)..... 12
From Indian Valley to Soda Bar..... 5
To Kingsbury's..... 5
To Rich Bar..... 4
To Junction Bar, (East Branch and North Fork)..... 3
To Long Bar Bridge..... 3
To Rock Creek..... 2
To Soda Bar..... 2
To Big Bar..... 2
To Yankee Hill..... 2
To West Branch Bridge..... 2
To Soda Bar..... 2
To Oroville..... 12

Total distance from Indian Valley to Oroville, 67 miles; from Quincy to Oroville, 70 miles. This, of course, is but the preliminary survey, to determine distances and practicability of the route. The act of organizing the Oroville and Beckwourth Pass wagon road company, permits either the North or Middle Feather river to be chosen as the route, and the surveying party left Oroville on Monday morning, and Bidwell's Bar on Tuesday, to ascend the Middle Fork, the head waters of which have their rise in Beckwourth Valley and in the mountains surrounding it, in the classic vicinity of Beckwourth's Pass. Should this route be found, as many believe it will, to offer equal advantages and a considerable saving in distance, it will doubtless be adopted, as it leads directly to Beckwourth's Pass through the mountains into Long Valley, intersecting the stage road from Virginia City to Sanville. Either route will do the same, and we suppose the company will be governed in its choice of the route entirely by the advantages afforded, and the business to be commanded.

The survey of the North Fork proves its entire practicability for a wagon road or railroad. Not a flake of snow on the line of the survey, from Indian Valley to Oroville. The most violent storms of an unprecedented track of the survey, when the engines were hurled so deep in snow as to render it impossible for the snow ploughs to make their way through it. The fact of the interruption on the Dutch Flat swindle, was acknowledged by the Sacramento Union, which admitted the inability of the engine to clear the track between Cisco and Alta, and that the cars did not go through. We simply wish to place this fact in juxtaposition with another, equally well established, and that is this: The surveying party on the North Fork were out in the same storm, and not a flake of snow fell upon them, while along the mountain roads on either side of them, it fell to the depth of five or six feet. Mr. Keddie is familiar with the Dutch Flat route, and pronounces the Feather river route infinitely superior to it, in distance as well as in cheapness of construction and freedom from interruption by snow. The money spent in building the useless railroad to Cisco, would have paid for a railroad from Sacramento to the Humboldt by the Feather river route. The reason is obvious: The one has to be cut and tunneled through the mountains, and on the other the river has completely tunneled the mountains, below the snow line, from their eastern base to their western foothills and the shores of the Pacific ocean. It is the only stream that completely severs the mountains, from the Columbia river in the frozen north, to the Kern river on our southern boundary. It is the natural route for the national railroad to approach the Pacific. Its construction here would secure a serviceable road at all seasons of the year, and add greatly to the importance and wealth of the State. That it was not adopted, is owing to local jealousies and selfishness that has proven the bane of the growth, prosperity and advancement of California.—[Butte Record, March 2d.]

THE PEOPLE'S FRIEND.

NORTH AND SOUTH.

Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken internally, it cures sudden colds, coughs, weak stomach, general debility, nursing sore mouth, canker, liver complaint, dyspepsia, or indigestion, cramp and pain in the stomach, bowel complaint, painter's colic, Asiatic cholera, diarrhoea and dysentery.

Sold by all medicine dealers.

Legal Advertisements.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, at Onion Valley and Sawpit, Plumas county, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts and claims against the late firm will be paid by A. H. Ferguson, and all debts due the late firm must be paid to the said A. H. Ferguson, who will carry on the business in future. Plumas County, Feb'y 2d, 1867.

A. H. FERGUSON.

J. B. RAILY.

Notice to Creditors.

In County Court.

In the matter of the Petition of DENNIS H. CHAPMAN, an Insolvent Debtor:

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE HON. E. T. HOGAN, Judge of the said County Court, notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the said Insolvent, to be and appear before the Hon. E. T. HOGAN, County Judge aforesaid, in open Court, at the Court House of said County, in the town of Quincy, in said County, on the 9th day of March, A. D. 1867, at 2 o'clock, P. M. of that day, then and there to show cause, if any they can, why the prayer of the said Insolvent should not be granted, and an assignment of the estate be made, and he be discharged from his debts and liabilities, in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided; and in the meantime all proceedings against said Insolvent be stayed.

[L. S.] Witness my hand and the Seal of said Court, this 29th day of January, A. D. 1867.

J. B. OVERTON, Clerk.

A. A. Cooper, Att'y for Petitioner.

14-td

Notice to Creditors.

In County Court.

In the matter of the Petition of JEROME B. CHAPMAN, an Insolvent Debtor:

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE HON. E. T. HOGAN, Judge of the said County Court, notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the said Insolvent, to be and appear before the Hon. E. T. HOGAN, County Judge aforesaid, in open Court, at the Court House of said County, in the town of Quincy, in said County, on the 9th day of March, A. D. 1867, at 2 o'clock, P. M. of that day, then and there to show cause, if any they can, why the prayer of said Insolvent should not be granted, and an assignment of his estate be made, and he be discharged from his debts and liabilities, in pursuance of the Statute in such case made and provided; and in the meantime all proceedings against said Insolvent be stayed.

[L. S.] Witness my hand and the Seal of said Court, this 29th day of January, A. D. 1867.

JNO. B. OVERTON, Clerk.

A. A. Cooper, Att'y for Petitioner.

14-td

Notice to Creditors.

Notice of WM. BRACY, Decedent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE UNDERSIGNED, Executor of the above-named Estate, to the creditors of said deceased, to present their claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at his office in La Porte, Plumas Co., State of California.

JOHN CONLEY, Executor.

Quincy, Dec. 23d, 1866.

13-td

Summons.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF PLUMAS.

In the District Court of the Second Judicial District.

MARY BOYD vs. JAMES BOYD. Action brought in the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, and the complaint filed in said County of Plumas, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

The People of the State of California send Greeting to JAMES BOYD, Defendant:

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO APPEAR in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff, in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, and to answer the Complaint filed therein (a copy of which accompanies this summons), within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service), after the service on you of this summons;—if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but within this Judicial District, within twenty days;—or, if served out of this District, then within forty days;—or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said Complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a judgment that the bonds of matrimony between herself and Defendant be dissolved, and that the custody of their infant child, LIZIE, be awarded to the Plaintiff, and for costs of this action.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said Complaint, and take default, the said Plaintiff will take default, and apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in her said Complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, this Second day of February, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-Six.

JOHN B. OVERTON, Clerk.

Goodwin & Haymond, Plnt's Attys.

15-td

Summons.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF PLUMAS.

In the District Court of the Second Judicial District.

ANGIE W. LANCASTER, vs. A. V. LANCASTER. Action brought in the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, and the complaint filed in said County of Plumas, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

The People of the State of California send Greeting to A. V. LANCASTER, Defendant:

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO APPEAR in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff, in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, and to answer the Complaint filed therein (a copy of which accompanies this summons), within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service), after the service on you of this summons;—if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but within this Judicial District, within twenty days;—or, if served out of this District, then within forty days;—or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said Complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this Court, dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore existing between the said plaintiff and defendant, and giving to said plaintiff the custody of their children, from the date of the filing of said action, to the date of the commencement of this action.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint, as above required, said Plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in said complaint.

Given under my hand and seal of the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, this 29th day of Dec. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

JOHN B. OVERTON, Clerk.

Goodwin & Haymond, Plnt's Attys.

15-td

Business Advertisements.

T. A. VAN ORDEN, MANUFACTURING JEWELER.

WATCHES & CLOCKS cleaned & repaired.

SHOP—On Main street, QUINCY, CAL. 35-4f

WM. KINSEY, CARPENTER & BUILDER.

Shop on Main Street, QUINCY, CALIFORNIA.

House, Sign & Ornamental Painting DONE TO ORDER.

Furniture Made and Repaired.

A. COLE, CARPENTER AND JOINER.

[SHOP—Opposite the Court House.] Quincy, Cal.

WORK done to order on short notice, and on reasonable terms.

D. ROBINSON, CARPENTER & BUILDER.

Shop—Opposite the Plumas House, MAIN STREET, QUINCY, CALIFORNIA.

Carpenter Work of all kinds done promptly, and in the best manner. Terms reasonable. 44-1f

CHARLES MILLER, MANUFACTURER OF TIN, COPPER & SHEET IRON WARE.

Shop opposite the Postoffice, Main Street, Quincy, California.

Crown Work done to order, at short notice and on reasonable terms.

A good stock of TINWARE always on hand and for sale.

Stovepipe made, fitted or repaired.

IRON ROOF for Mining or other purposes. Riveted and Set Up to order in any part of the County.

Quincy, Dec. 1, 1866.

DR. J. DEMPSTER, DENTIST.

[Office at the Plumas House.] QUINCY, CAL.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING RETURNED TO QUINCY, where he intends stopping the present season, would respectfully inform the citizens of American Valley and vicinity, that he is now prepared to perform all operations in his profession, on the most approved and latest principles.

Teeth inserted on Gold, Silver, and Vulcanite.

Operations carefully performed. All work warranted.

Quincy, June 9th, 1866.

J. DEMPSTER.

NEW ARRANGEMENT!!

BLACKSMITHING

BRADFORD & WALKER, [at the Old Stand of J. Walker.] MAIN STREET, QUINCY.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE MATERIALS of the above mentioned establishment, the subscribers are informed that we intend to devote our time and attention to Blacksmithing in all its varieties.

Our work will be made of the best material, with the greatest dispatch, in the best style, and prices to conform to the times.

Particular attention paid to Horse and Ox-Shoeing, Wagon Ironing, &c.

BRADFORD & WALKER.

Quincy, Oct. 12, 1866.

OROVILLE

Iron & Brass Foundry AND MACHINE SHOP.

STEAM ENGINES, QUARTZ MACHINERY Saw and Grist Mills, Derrick Irons, Pumps &c.

HYDRAULIC PIPES AND NOZZLES, and all other kinds of MACHINERY BUILT TO ORDER, or Repaired at the Shortest Notice.

SHOES & DIES for Quartz Mills, made of the best American White Iron.

STEAM ENGINES of different sizes, with the latest improvements, always on hand. Also, second hand engines.

ALL WORK guaranteed first class, and as cheap as any Establishment in the State.

THEOPHILUS LOCHER, Prop'r.

37-6m

QUINCY MEAT MARKET.

Main street, opposite the Court House.

A GOOD SUPPLY OF ALL KINDS OF MEATS of the best quality, constantly on hand.

JAS. P. EDWARDS, Proprietor.

Quincy, Jan. 28, '63—15-1f

SAN FRANCISCO PIONEERSCREEN WORKS.

JOHN W. QUICK, Prop'r.

HAS removed to the VULCAN IRON WORKS, Fremont Street, between Mission and Howard, San Francisco. Screens Punching in all its branches, at Reduced Rates.

Quartz Mill owners using my Russia Iron Screens will save Two Hundred per cent. Guaranteed to be the best and cheapest in the State, and warranted not to rip or tear.

Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

63-3m

EXCHANGE SALOON.

MAIN ST., QUINCY, CAL.

THE BAR

is well supplied with the best of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

BILLIARDS.

Two of Phelan & Co's. Modern BILLIARD TABLES with combination cushions are in use at this Saloon.

JAS. H. HOUCK, Proprietor.

22-1f

Business Advertisements.

HENRY HOLTHOUSE, DEALER IN—

General Merchandise.

[Corner of Main and Nelson Streets.]

Taylorville, Plumas Co., Cal.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF FALL and Winter Goods, embracing the latest Styles & Patterns, to which we invite the attention of the Public in general.

WM. H. MILLER. W. BUNNELL.

MILLER & BUNNELL, Butte Valley, Plumas Co., California.

—GENERAL DEALERS IN—

Groceries, Provisions, Liquors,

Segars, Tobacco, Dry Goods,

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, TOOLS,

Hats and Caps,

HARDWARE, YANKEE NOTIONS, &c., &c.

H. C. BIDWELL, Wholesale & Retail Dealer in

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Provisions, Liquors, &c.,

GREENVILLE, PLUMAS CO., CAL.

24-3m

THOMPSON & KELLOGG, DEALERS IN

Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Hardware,

Iron, Steel, Crockery, Clothing,

Boots and Shoes.

Spanish Ranch.

P. A. TOGNAZZINI, —DEALER IN—

Groceries, Provisions, Liquors,

Tobacco, Cigars,

Clothing, Boots & Shoes,

Hardware, Mining Tools, &c.,

HEAD OF NELSON CREEK.

PLUMAS COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

GEO. S. McLEAR,

Jamison City, Plumas County, Cal.

—GENERAL DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF—

General Merchandise,

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, LIQUORS,

TOBACCO, CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES,

HARDWARE, MINING TOOLS, &c.

J. D. COMPTON, Round Valley, Plumas County, Cal.

—GENERAL DEALER IN—

Dry Goods, Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS,

PAINTS & OILS,

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, LIQUORS,

TOBACCO, HARDWARE, MINING TOOLS,

